

See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/264278269>

# $2'$ -Chloro-4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzil

Article in *Acta Crystallographica Section E: Crystallographic Communications* · May 2011

DOI: 10.1107/S1600536811019532

---

CITATIONS

3

READS

85

**4 authors:**



Dr. G. Nithya

Vels University

35 PUBLICATIONS 74 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)



Thanuja Balasundaram

Sri Sairam Engineering college

15 PUBLICATIONS 61 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)



Chakkavarthi Ganesan

CPCL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE, CHENNAI-68

396 PUBLICATIONS 860 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)



Charles Kanakam

Presidency College

135 PUBLICATIONS 150 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)

**2'-Chloro-4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzil**

**G. Nithya,<sup>a</sup> B. Thanuja,<sup>a</sup> G. Chakkavarthi<sup>b\*</sup> and Charles C. Kanagam<sup>c</sup>**

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Vels University, Pallavaram, Chennai 600 117, Tamil Nadu, India, <sup>b</sup>Department of Physics, CPCL Polytechnic College, Chennai 600 068, Tamil Nadu, India, and <sup>c</sup>Department of Chemistry, SRM Valliammai Engineering College, Kattankulathur 603 203, Tamil Nadu, India  
Correspondence e-mail: chakkavarthi\_2005@yahoo.com

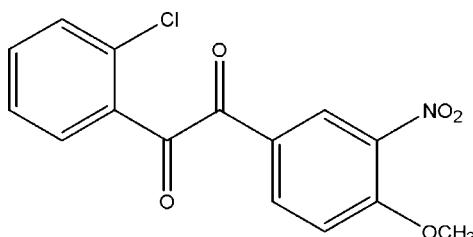
Received 23 May 2011; accepted 23 May 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 295$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.042;  $wR$  factor = 0.128; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.7.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClNO}_5$ , the dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is  $87.99(5)^\circ$ . The  $\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{O}$  torsion angle between the two carbonyl units is  $-119.03(16)^\circ$ . The crystal structure is stabilized by a weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond.

**Related literature**

For the biological activity of benzil derivatives, see: Mousset *et al.* (2008); Mahabusarakam *et al.* (2004); Ganapathy *et al.* (2009). For bond-length data and related structures, see: Allen *et al.* (1987); Fun & Kia (2008a,b).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClNO}_5$   
 $M_r = 319.69$   
Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 7.8559(2)$  Å  
 $b = 8.1003(2)$  Å  
 $c = 12.4961(3)$  Å

$\alpha = 74.893(1)^\circ$   
 $\beta = 74.809(2)^\circ$   
 $\gamma = 68.593(1)^\circ$   
 $V = 702.32(3)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.30$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 295$  K

0.30 × 0.20 × 0.20 mm

*Data collection*

Bruker Kappa APEXII  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.917$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.943$

17487 measured reflections  
3937 independent reflections  
3150 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.128$   
 $S = 1.06$   
3937 reflections

200 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.41$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C3—H3—O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.53	3.318 (2)	143

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

GC acknowledges Vels University for providing laboratory facilities as well the opportunity to do the research work and members of the Chemistry Department of SRM Valliammai Engineering College for useful discussions.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5555).

**References**

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Bruker (2004). APEX2 and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Fun, H.-K. & Kia, R. (2008a). *Acta Cryst. E64*, o1615–o1616.
- Fun, H.-K. & Kia, R. (2008b). *Acta Cryst. E64*, o1617–o1618.
- Ganapathy, S., Srilakshmi, G. V. K., Pannakal, S. T., Rahman, H., Laatsch, H. & Brun, R. (2009). *Phytochemistry*, **70**, 95–99.
- Mahabusarakam, W., Deachathai, S., Phongpaichit, S., Jansakul, C. & Taylor, W. C. (2004). *Phytochemistry*, **65**, 1185–1191.
- Mousset, C., Giraud, A., Provot, O., Hamze, A., Bignon, J., Liu, J.-M., Thoret, S., Dubois, J., Brion, J.-D. & Alami, M. (2008). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **18**, 3266–3271.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D65*, 148–155.

## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o1535 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811019532]

### **2'-Chloro-4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzil**

**G. Nithya, B. Thanuja, G. Chakkaravarthi and C. C. Kanagam**

#### **Comment**

Benzil derivates exhibit radical scavenging, antibacterial and hypertensive (Mahabusarakam *et al.*, 2004), antiprotozoal (Ganapaty *et al.*, 2009), antiproliferative and antimitotic (Mousset *et al.*, 2008) activities.

The geometric parameters of the title compound (Fig. 1) agree with those in the reported structures (Fun & Kia, 2008*a,b*) and the literature values (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The dihedral angle between the two rings is 87.99 (5) $^{\circ}$ . The mean plane of methoxy and nitro groups are twisted at an angle of 4.95 (8) and 32.19 (6) $^{\circ}$ , respectively, with the benzene ring (C9—C14).

The dicarbonyl unit has *s-trans* conformation as can be indicated by the torsion angles of O1—C7—C6—C1, and O2—C8—C9—C14 being -145.86 (16) and -171.77 (15) $^{\circ}$ , respectively. This conformation is authenticated by the torsion angle of O1—C7—C8—O2, being -119.03 (16) $^{\circ}$ .

The crystal structure exhibit weak C—H $\cdots$ O (Table 1 & Fig. 2) and  $\pi\cdots\pi$  [ $Cg1\cdots Cg1(-x,1-y,2-z)$  distance of 3.8904 (9) $\text{\AA}$  and  $Cg2\cdots Cg2(1-x,2-y,1-z)$  distance of 4.2891 (9) $\text{\AA}$ ;  $Cg1$  and  $Cg2$  are the centroids of the rings (C1—C6) and (C9—C14), respectively] interactions.

#### **Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized in two steps. The first step involves the benzoin condensation. 4 g of KCN was dissolved in 75cc of water in a one litre flask. To this was added 6.8 g (0.05 mole) of anisaldehyde, 7 g (0.05mole) of 2-chloro benzaldehyde and 75 cc of 95% ethanol. The mixture formed a solution at the boiling temperature and was refluxed for one and half hours. Steam was then passed through the solution until all the alcohol and nearly all the unchanged aldehyde were removed. The condensed water was decanted from the product and later set away to crystallize. The product was then pressed as free as possible from oily material on a suction funnel and washed with cold alcohol. In this way about 9 g of crude product was obtained. The crude mixture was dissolved in hot alcohol and allowed to crystallize slowly. The 2'chloro-4-methoxy benzoin crystallizes out as colourless, hexagonal crystals. From the benzoin about 1 gram was taken and treated with concentrated nitric acid by heating in a water bath inside a fume cupboard for about 3 h until it is free from the smell of nitrogen dioxide. It is then cooled and crystallized using hot ethanol. The obtained benzil is recrystallized using chloroform / acetone in the ratio 3:1. Pure crystals of benzil separates out. The yield is about 70–80%.

#### **Refinement**

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using riding model with C—H = 0.93  $\text{\AA}$  and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{U}_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for aromatic C—H and C—H = 0.96  $\text{\AA}$  and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5\text{U}_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for CH<sub>3</sub>.

# supplementary materials

---

## Figures

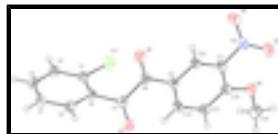


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

## 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)ethane-1,2-dione

### Crystal data

C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> ClNO <sub>5</sub>	Z = 2
M <sub>r</sub> = 319.69	F(000) = 328
Triclinic, PT	D <sub>x</sub> = 1.512 Mg m <sup>-3</sup>
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda$ = 0.71073 Å
a = 7.8559 (2) Å	Cell parameters from 8570 reflections
b = 8.1003 (2) Å	$\theta$ = 2.7–29.0°
c = 12.4961 (3) Å	$\mu$ = 0.30 mm <sup>-1</sup>
$\alpha$ = 74.893 (1)°	T = 295 K
$\beta$ = 74.809 (2)°	Block, colourless
$\gamma$ = 68.593 (1)°	0.30 × 0.20 × 0.20 mm
V = 702.32 (3) Å <sup>3</sup>	

### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII diffractometer	3937 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	3150 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.6^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.917$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.943$	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
17487 measured reflections	$k = -11 \rightarrow 10$
	$l = -12 \rightarrow 17$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.128$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.06$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0635P)^2 + 0.160P]$
3937 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
200 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.48 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

0 restraints

 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.41 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ *Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.15981 (6)	0.62735 (6)	0.72481 (4)	0.06164 (15)
O1	0.66183 (15)	0.31713 (16)	0.83551 (11)	0.0568 (3)
O2	0.39794 (18)	0.70912 (17)	0.88704 (10)	0.0583 (3)
O3	0.82025 (17)	0.96590 (15)	0.40294 (9)	0.0523 (3)
O4	0.5354 (2)	1.23772 (19)	0.64274 (14)	0.0786 (5)
O5	0.7972 (2)	1.19529 (19)	0.52797 (13)	0.0714 (4)
N1	0.6714 (2)	1.14290 (17)	0.58676 (11)	0.0457 (3)
C1	0.17355 (19)	0.45206 (19)	0.83978 (12)	0.0404 (3)
C2	0.0214 (2)	0.3912 (2)	0.88416 (15)	0.0505 (4)
H2	-0.0877	0.4486	0.8552	0.061*
C3	0.0327 (2)	0.2455 (2)	0.97122 (17)	0.0571 (4)
H3	-0.0693	0.2046	1.0012	0.069*
C4	0.1931 (3)	0.1598 (2)	1.01429 (16)	0.0587 (4)
H4	0.1997	0.0611	1.0730	0.070*
C5	0.3451 (2)	0.2209 (2)	0.96994 (14)	0.0480 (3)
H5	0.4537	0.1627	0.9993	0.058*
C6	0.33717 (18)	0.36820 (18)	0.88208 (12)	0.0376 (3)
C7	0.50704 (19)	0.4244 (2)	0.83798 (12)	0.0402 (3)
C8	0.4875 (2)	0.6252 (2)	0.81244 (12)	0.0411 (3)
C9	0.59015 (19)	0.70248 (18)	0.70630 (12)	0.0384 (3)
C10	0.59340 (19)	0.87676 (18)	0.69408 (12)	0.0383 (3)
H10	0.5392	0.9386	0.7540	0.046*
C11	0.67654 (19)	0.95783 (17)	0.59376 (12)	0.0370 (3)
C12	0.7569 (2)	0.87131 (19)	0.50031 (12)	0.0397 (3)
C13	0.7560 (2)	0.6947 (2)	0.51480 (13)	0.0471 (3)
H13	0.8119	0.6315	0.4556	0.057*
C14	0.6734 (2)	0.61296 (19)	0.61536 (13)	0.0453 (3)
H14	0.6732	0.4958	0.6228	0.054*
C15	0.8938 (3)	0.8816 (3)	0.30568 (15)	0.0650 (5)
H15A	1.0008	0.7784	0.3192	0.098*
H15B	0.9292	0.9660	0.2416	0.098*
H15C	0.8008	0.8441	0.2911	0.098*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0595 (3)	0.0632 (3)	0.0616 (3)	-0.0207 (2)	-0.0251 (2)	0.0054 (2)
O1	0.0354 (5)	0.0565 (7)	0.0711 (8)	-0.0172 (5)	-0.0089 (5)	0.0038 (6)
O2	0.0625 (7)	0.0654 (7)	0.0542 (7)	-0.0350 (6)	0.0107 (5)	-0.0236 (6)
O3	0.0677 (7)	0.0483 (6)	0.0396 (5)	-0.0255 (5)	0.0027 (5)	-0.0083 (4)
O4	0.0917 (11)	0.0534 (7)	0.0943 (11)	-0.0305 (7)	0.0123 (8)	-0.0384 (8)
O5	0.0858 (10)	0.0603 (8)	0.0791 (9)	-0.0483 (7)	0.0052 (7)	-0.0153 (7)
N1	0.0600 (8)	0.0395 (6)	0.0464 (7)	-0.0238 (6)	-0.0113 (6)	-0.0094 (5)

## supplementary materials

---

C1	0.0379 (7)	0.0413 (7)	0.0461 (7)	-0.0148 (6)	-0.0065 (5)	-0.0128 (6)
C2	0.0344 (7)	0.0574 (9)	0.0682 (10)	-0.0180 (6)	-0.0040 (7)	-0.0265 (8)
C3	0.0434 (8)	0.0594 (10)	0.0749 (11)	-0.0309 (7)	0.0117 (8)	-0.0246 (9)
C4	0.0578 (10)	0.0507 (9)	0.0641 (10)	-0.0294 (8)	0.0054 (8)	-0.0036 (8)
C5	0.0434 (7)	0.0443 (8)	0.0538 (9)	-0.0187 (6)	-0.0059 (6)	-0.0013 (6)
C6	0.0344 (6)	0.0384 (6)	0.0425 (7)	-0.0170 (5)	-0.0023 (5)	-0.0088 (5)
C7	0.0368 (7)	0.0461 (7)	0.0403 (7)	-0.0199 (6)	-0.0060 (5)	-0.0035 (6)
C8	0.0387 (7)	0.0463 (7)	0.0448 (7)	-0.0226 (6)	-0.0046 (6)	-0.0090 (6)
C9	0.0385 (6)	0.0377 (7)	0.0431 (7)	-0.0180 (5)	-0.0054 (5)	-0.0080 (5)
C10	0.0406 (7)	0.0397 (7)	0.0398 (7)	-0.0175 (6)	-0.0045 (5)	-0.0122 (5)
C11	0.0419 (7)	0.0333 (6)	0.0414 (7)	-0.0174 (5)	-0.0090 (5)	-0.0070 (5)
C12	0.0412 (7)	0.0403 (7)	0.0388 (7)	-0.0158 (6)	-0.0040 (5)	-0.0084 (5)
C13	0.0570 (9)	0.0404 (7)	0.0447 (8)	-0.0172 (7)	0.0010 (6)	-0.0173 (6)
C14	0.0535 (8)	0.0352 (7)	0.0510 (8)	-0.0191 (6)	-0.0041 (6)	-0.0126 (6)
C15	0.0772 (12)	0.0696 (11)	0.0423 (8)	-0.0258 (10)	0.0097 (8)	-0.0175 (8)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C1	1.7315 (16)	C5—H5	0.9300
O1—C7	1.2072 (18)	C6—C7	1.4894 (18)
O2—C8	1.2098 (18)	C7—C8	1.531 (2)
O3—C12	1.3379 (17)	C8—C9	1.4755 (19)
O3—C15	1.4329 (19)	C9—C10	1.3888 (18)
O4—N1	1.2288 (19)	C9—C14	1.392 (2)
O5—N1	1.2081 (18)	C10—C11	1.3727 (19)
N1—C11	1.4649 (17)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C2	1.386 (2)	C11—C12	1.4039 (19)
C1—C6	1.387 (2)	C12—C13	1.397 (2)
C2—C3	1.375 (3)	C13—C14	1.375 (2)
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—C4	1.371 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.386 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—H15C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.390 (2)		
C12—O3—C15	118.41 (13)	O2—C8—C7	116.30 (13)
O5—N1—O4	123.29 (13)	C9—C8—C7	120.11 (12)
O5—N1—C11	119.95 (13)	C10—C9—C14	118.62 (13)
O4—N1—C11	116.76 (13)	C10—C9—C8	118.39 (12)
C2—C1—C6	120.96 (14)	C14—C9—C8	122.86 (12)
C2—C1—Cl1	118.46 (12)	C11—C10—C9	120.09 (12)
C6—C1—Cl1	120.49 (11)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
C3—C2—C1	119.54 (15)	C9—C10—H10	120.0
C3—C2—H2	120.2	C10—C11—C12	122.04 (12)
C1—C2—H2	120.2	C10—C11—N1	116.88 (12)
C4—C3—C2	120.65 (14)	C12—C11—N1	121.04 (12)
C4—C3—H3	119.7	O3—C12—C13	124.79 (13)
C2—C3—H3	119.7	O3—C12—C11	118.04 (12)
C3—C4—C5	119.75 (16)	C13—C12—C11	117.09 (13)

C3—C4—H4	120.1	C14—C13—C12	120.92 (13)
C5—C4—H4	120.1	C14—C13—H13	119.5
C4—C5—C6	120.75 (16)	C12—C13—H13	119.5
C4—C5—H5	119.6	C13—C14—C9	121.19 (13)
C6—C5—H5	119.6	C13—C14—H14	119.4
C1—C6—C5	118.35 (12)	C9—C14—H14	119.4
C1—C6—C7	124.05 (13)	O3—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—C7	117.59 (13)	O3—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C6	122.20 (13)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C8	117.75 (12)	O3—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	119.31 (12)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O2—C8—C9	123.30 (13)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.1 (2)	O2—C8—C9—C14	-171.77 (15)
C11—C1—C2—C3	176.25 (12)	C7—C8—C9—C14	14.6 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.1 (3)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-175.55 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	1.3 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.3 (2)	C9—C10—C11—N1	178.94 (12)
C11—C1—C6—C5	-176.05 (11)	O5—N1—C11—C10	148.61 (15)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.26 (13)	O4—N1—C11—C10	-31.4 (2)
C11—C1—C6—C7	3.0 (2)	O5—N1—C11—C12	-33.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (2)	O4—N1—C11—C12	146.30 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.23 (15)	C15—O3—C12—C13	-0.3 (2)
C1—C6—C7—O1	-145.86 (16)	C15—O3—C12—C11	-176.86 (15)
C5—C6—C7—O1	33.2 (2)	C10—C11—C12—O3	174.20 (14)
C1—C6—C7—C8	44.2 (2)	N1—C11—C12—O3	-3.4 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-136.81 (14)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-2.6 (2)
O1—C7—C8—O2	-119.03 (16)	N1—C11—C12—C13	179.86 (14)
C6—C7—C8—O2	51.37 (19)	O3—C12—C13—C14	-174.26 (15)
O1—C7—C8—C9	55.0 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	2.3 (2)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-134.60 (14)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-0.7 (3)
O2—C8—C9—C10	4.0 (2)	C10—C9—C14—C13	-0.6 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-169.64 (13)	C8—C9—C14—C13	175.07 (15)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C3—H3···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.53	3.318 (2)	143

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y+1, -z+2.

## supplementary materials

---

Fig. 1

