

A Survey of Brain Tumor Detection and Classification Based on Machine, Deep Learning and CNN Based Transfer Learning Techniques

Learning and CNN Based Transfer Learning Techniques

Publisher: IEEE Cite This PDF

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Abstract



Document Sections

- I. Introduction
- II. Literature Survey
- III. Conclusion

Abstract

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Abstract:

When brain tumors are not treated in their early stages, they can cause uncontrolled proliferation of brain cells. Early detection of lesions in the brain is critical for treatment planning and patient survival. Over the last few years, detection algorithms based on deep learning (DL) and machine learning (ML) have exhibited cutting-edge performance. These algorithms have been successfully utilized to classify, segment, and identify medical images. In this work, many deep learning (DL) and machine learning (ML) methodologies, as well as transfer learning approaches, were evaluated. The proposed Transfer Learning (TL) approach for detecting brain tumors outperformed the existing algorithms. Since deep learning approaches offer the most cutting-edge findings and are better suitable for dealing with this issue than other methods, automated detection based on these techniques has lately gained popularity. When compared with different techniques, such as Deep Learning (DL) or Machine Learning (ML), the Transfer Learning approach provides the highest precision. This helps in the diagnosis of brain tumors at an earlier stage of development.

Published in: 2023 5th International Conference on Inventive Research in Computing Applications (ICIRCA)

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Date of Conference: 03-05 August 2023 **DOI:** 10.1109/ICIRCA57980.2023.10220735

Date Added to IEEE Xplore: 28 August 2023

Publisher: IEEE

▶ ISBN Information:

Conference Location: Coimbatore, India

Contents

I. Introduction

The diagnosis, prognosis, and therapy of brain tumors all benefit from the automatic segmentation and categorization of medical images. Early detection of brain tumors indicates a speedier response to therapy, thereby increasing the patient survival rate. It requires a significant amount of time and effort to manually identify and categorize brain malignancies in large medical image collections obtained during routine clintightatics chair desires barn gueseful to implement an automated detection, localization, and categorization technique [1]. Figure 1 shows examples of these three types of tumors. Figure 1.

(a) Meningioma tumor, (b) Glioma tumor and (c) Pituitary tumor

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