RESEARCH-ARTICLE

Privacy Preservation of e-Governance Data Using Local Beam Search

Authors: Manas Ranjan Patra, Debasis Mohapatra Authors Info & Claims	
ICEGOV '18: Proceedings of the 11th International Conference on Theory and Practice of Electronic Governance Pages 318 - 327 <u>https://doi.org/10.1145/3209415.3209444</u>	
Published: 04 April 2018 Publication History Check for updates	back
1 82 ▲ ■ ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●<	Feed

Abstract

E-governance is mandated to extend various digital services to the citizens in a transparent and easy-to-access manner. This requires an enormous amount of data acquisition, analysis, and processing. Normally, such databases contain references to private information of different stakeholders. It is the responsibility of the government to protect the data against privacy disclosure which can be maneuvered through direct or indirect inference by linking different databases. Though governments have adopted policies to control privacy but still there are technical issues and even the data



(s cm) Association for Computing Mechiner

privacy of data through k-anonymity one must ensure minimum information loss without hampering the utility of data. Towards this end, we analyze the efficiency of two existing greedy heuristic based techniques, viz., Datafly and Improved Greedy heuristic and we propose two Local Beam Search based algorithms: Sequential Local Beam Search (SLBS) and Binary search based Sequential Local Beam Search (BSLBS). A comparative analysis of the algorithms is done with the help of Information Loss metric Info.Loss. It is observed that BSLBS outperforms the existing greedy based heuristic methods.

References

- [1] L. Sweeney.1997. Computational Disclosure Control for Medical Microdata: The Datafly System. Record Linkage Techniques, National Academy Press.
 <u>Soogle Scholar</u>
- [2] L. Sweeney.2002. k-anonymity: A model for protecting privacy. Int J Uncertain Fuzziness Knowledge-Based Syst. 2002;10(05):557--70.

😳 <u>Digital Library</u> | 😵 <u>Google Scholar</u>

[3] I Sweeney 2002 Achieving k-anonymity privacy protection using generalization and suppression. Int I



Suganthi S and Kala T. (2023). Study and Analysis of various Privacy Preserved Data Sharing Framework in E-Government System based on Consortium Blockchain: A Challenging Overview. 2023 2nd International Conference on Automation, Computing and Renewable Systems (ICACRS). 10.1109/ICACRS58579.2023.10404516. (1812-1818). Online publication date: 11-Dec-2023.

https://doi.org/10.1109/ICACRS58579.2023.10404516

Index Terms



Recommendations

A graph based approach for privacy preservation of citizen data in e-governance applications

dg.o '19: Proceedings of the 20th Annual International Conference on Digital Government Research

Read More

IMR based Anonymization for Privacy Preservation in Data Mining

KMO '16: Proceedings of the The 11th International Knowledge Management in Organizations Conference on The changing face of Knowledge Management Impacting Society

Read More

DL Comment Policy Comments should be relevant to the contents of this article, (sign in required).	Got it
Comments	
Share	Best <mark>Newest</mark> Oldest
Nothing in this d	liscussion yet.
	Download PDF
	View Table Of Contents
ategories	About
ategories ournals	About About ACM Digital Libra
a tegories urnals agazines	About About ACM Digital Libra ACM Digital Library Boa
ategories ournals Nagazines ooks	About About ACM Digital Libra ACM Digital Library Boa Subscription Information

Accessionity statement

https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3209415.3209444

CUPIC

Join ACM	\searrow	Contact us via email
Join SIGs	f	ACM on Facebook
Subscribe to Publications	\mathbb{X}	ACM DL on X
Institutions and Libraries	in	ACM on Linkedin
	0	Send Feedback
	0	Submit a Bug Report

The ACM Digital Library is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright © 2024 ACM, Inc.

Terms of Usage | Privacy Policy | Code of Ethics

