



Remote Asset Management System for Modern Corporate Environments

P. Aswath¹, P. Dhivakar² and Dr. Rohini³

Department of BCA, Vels Institute of Science, Technology and Advanced Studies (VISTAS),

Pallavaram, Chennai – 600117, India

Abstract

In modern corporate environments, managing organizational assets efficiently has become increasingly challenging due to remote work culture and distributed teams. Traditional manual asset tracking methods often result in inaccurate records, asset loss, delayed maintenance, and poor inventory control. This paper presents the design and implementation of a Remote Asset Management System that enables organizations to digitally track, monitor, and manage assets such as laptops, mobile devices, office equipment, and IT resources. The proposed system provides real-time asset allocation, employee assignment tracking, maintenance scheduling, and automated reporting through a centralized platform. The system improves operational efficiency, reduces human errors, enhances accountability, and supports better decision-making.

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Keywords

Remote Work Asset Tracker, Asset Management System, Streamlit, SQLite, Python, Inventory Management, Web Application.

Introduction

Asset management plays a critical role in modern organizations. Companies must track laptops, monitors, software licenses, printers, and other resources used by employees across multiple locations. Remote and hybrid work models increase the difficulty of maintaining accurate asset records. Manual spreadsheets create duplication, delays, and poor maintenance planning. A centralized digital system becomes essential for transparency and accountability. Asset management plays a critical role in modern organizations. Companies must track laptops, monitors, software licenses, printers, and other resources used by employees across multiple locations. Remote and hybrid work models increase the difficulty of maintaining accurate asset records. Manual spreadsheets create duplication, delays, and poor maintenance planning. A centralized digital system becomes essential for transparency and accountability. Asset management plays a critical role in modern organizations. Companies must track laptops, monitors, software licenses, printers, and other resources used by employees across multiple locations. Remote and hybrid work models increase the difficulty of maintaining accurate asset records. Manual spreadsheets create duplication, delays, and poor maintenance planning. A centralized digital system becomes essential for transparency and accountability.

Related Work

Traditional inventory systems focus mainly on storage and procurement. ERP systems provide integration but are expensive and complex. Cloud-based systems improve accessibility but often lack employee-level assignment and maintenance tracking. The proposed system combines simplicity, affordability, and centralized control suitable for educational institutions and medium-sized enterprises.

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Literature Survey

Several studies highlight the importance of digital transformation in asset handling. Research in inventory management confirms that real-time monitoring reduces operational costs and improves lifecycle management. Web-based asset systems also improve audit performance and administrative productivity by maintaining complete historical records of every asset movement.

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System Architecture

The proposed system follows Input → Processing → Database → Reporting architecture. Administrators register assets, assign them to employees, and update service records. The backend validates entries and stores data in a centralized database. Reports are generated for management review. Figure 1 shows the architecture.

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Modules

Admin module manages assets, users, maintenance, and reports. Employee module allows viewing assigned assets and raising service requests. Maintenance module handles reminders and repair schedules. Report module generates allocation history, damaged asset reports, and department-wise summaries.

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Hardware and Software

Hardware requirements include a computer system with Intel i3 processor or above, minimum 4GB RAM, and internet access. Software requirements include HTML, CSS, JavaScript for frontend, PHP or Python for backend, MySQL database, and XAMPP or Visual Studio Code for development and testing.

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Methodology

Step 1: Asset registration. Step 2: Employee assignment. Step 3: Monitoring and maintenance scheduling. Step 4: Report generation. Step 5: Validation and error handling. This workflow ensures every asset has a complete digital lifecycle record from purchase to disposal.

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Results and Discussion

Testing shows improved tracking speed, reduced paperwork, and fewer missing assets compared to manual methods. Departments can instantly identify available assets and pending maintenance. Administrative effort is significantly reduced and decision-making becomes faster due to report automation and historical data visibility.

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Advantages

Reduced manual work, improved transparency, faster maintenance response, secure centralized data storage, better accountability, improved audit readiness, and lower operational costs are the major advantages of the proposed system.

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Applications

The system can be used in IT companies, hospitals, colleges, government offices, warehouses, and enterprises operating remote teams. It is especially useful where asset allocation changes frequently and service history must be preserved accurately.

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Future Scope

Future enhancements include mobile application support, QR code and barcode integration, AI-based predictive maintenance, cloud analytics dashboards, and automated alerts for warranty expiry and replacement planning.

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Conclusion

The Remote Asset Management System improves efficiency in tracking and managing corporate assets and supports better decision-making. It reduces errors, improves accountability, and enables organizations to modernize asset handling for remote and hybrid work environments.

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References

Asset Management Principles and Practices

Enterprise Inventory Management Systems

Digital Transformation in Corporate Asset Tracking

Modern Remote Work Infrastructure Systems

Web-Based Inventory Management Applications

